Paper 3a BRYOLOGY, PTERIDOLOGY AND GYMNOSPERMOLOGY

B. Sc. va (Candidates admitted from the academic year 2021-2022)

Course Code 211BO2M01

Total Hours 60

Credits 3

CORE THEORY

Learning Objective	To enable students to develop a deep understanding of the diversity of Bryophytes, Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and fossils.
	To facilitate the understanding of the external, internal and reproductive characters of Bryophytes, Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms.

CO No.	Course Outcome	PSO Addressed	CL
	Upon the completion of this course, students will be able to		
CO - 1	Understand the theories concerning the origin of universe and evolution of land plants in relation to the Geological Time Scale with special reference to the microphyll and megaphyll.	PSO- 1	U
CO - 2	Acquire knowledge on the classification of Bryophytes and study their morphology, anatomy and functional adaptations using select specimens with special reference to adaptation to land.	PSO- 1	Ар
CO - 3	Describe the classification of Pteridophytes, their morphology, anatomy and functional adaptations, with special emphasis on stelar system.	PSO-1	An
CO - 4	Discuss the classification, morphology, anatomy and functional adaptations of Gymnosperms.	PSO-1	An
CO - 5	Compare and contrast the different types of fossils, fossilization process and the techniques adopted for the study.	PSO-1	Ар

UNIT I Origin and Evolution of Land Plants

HOURS 12

Origin, Evolution and Characteristics of Land plants; Geological Time scale; Characteristics, Evolutionary significance as seen in Enation theory and Telome theory.

UNIT II Bryology HOURS 12

Characteristic features and classification of Bryophytes. Vegetative structure, Reproductive structure and Life History of *Riccia, Marchantia, Anthoceros* and *Polytrichum*. Biodiversity, Ecology, Conservation and Economic importance of Bryophytes.

UNIT III Pteridology

HOURS 12

General characters of Pteridophytes. Homospory and Heterospory, Apospory and Apogamy. Eusporangium and leptosporangium. Classification of Pteridophytes (Reimer, 1954). Characteristic features of classes. Stelar evolution in Pteridophytes. Life cycle of homosporous and heterosporous Pteridophytes. A detailed study on the morphology, anatomy and reproduction in *Psilotum, Lycopodium, Equisetum* and *Marsilea*. Economic importance of Pteridophytes. Indian contribution to Pteridology.

UNIT IV Gymnospermology

HOURS 12

General characters of Gymnosperms. Distribution of Gymnosperms. Classification of Gymnosperms (Bierhorst, 1971). Characteristic features of classes. Differences with other major vascular plant groups.

A Detailed Study of the Plant Body, Anatomy and Reproduction of the following of *Cycas*, *Pinus* and *Gnetum*. Economic importance of Gymnosperms. Indian contribution to Gymnosperms.

UNIT V HOURS 12

Introduction to fossils and fossilization. Theories of fossilization. Types of Fossilization: Altered and unaltered: Compression, Petrifaction, Impression, mould, cast, coal and embedded fossils. Techniques used to study fossilization. A study on *Williamsonia* and *Calamites*. Indian Contribution to Paleobotany.

TEXT BOOKS

BHATNAGAR, S.P., AND A. MOITRA. 1996. Gymnosperms. New Age International Publishers. New Delhi.

BIERHORST, D.W. 1971. Morphology of Vascular Plants. Macmillan Publishing Company. New York.

PANDEY, S.N., MISRA, S.P AND TRIVEDI, P.S. 1970. A Text book of Botany (Vol II). Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.

PARIHAR, N.S. 1967. Introduction Embryophyta: Bryophyta. Central Book Depot., Allahabad.

SMITH, G. M. 1955. Cryptogamic Botany. Vol. III. McGraw Hill.

VASHISTA, P.C. 1971. Botany for degree students: Pteridophyta. S. Chand Publications.

SUGGESTED READING

EAMES. J.A. 1964. Morphology of vascular plants (Lower groups). Mc Graw-Hill Book Company, New York.

JONES, D.L. 1993. Cycads of the World - Ancient Plants in Today's Landscape. Smithsonian Institution Press. Washington. D.C.

KAUFMAN, P.B., T.F. CARLSON, P. DAYANANDAN, M.L. EVANS, J.B. FISHER, C. PARKS, AND J. WELLS. 1989. Plants: Their Biology and Importance. Harper & Row, Publishers. Inc., New York.

MANICKAM, V.S. AND V. IRUDAYARAJ. 1992. Pteridophyte Flora of the Western Ghats, South India. B.I. Publications. New Delhi.

MEYEN, S.V. 1987. Fundamentals of Palaeobotany. Chapman and Hall. London.

MOORE, R., W.D. CLARK, K.R. STERN, AND D. VODOPICH. 1995. Botany: Plant Diversity. Wm.C. Brown Publishers. Dubuque. IA.

RAVEN, P.H., R.F. EVERT, AND S.E. EICHHORN. 1992. Biology of Plants. Fifth Edition. Worth Publishers. New York.

REFERENCES

ARNOLD CHESTER A. 1947. An Introduction to Paleobotany. Mc Graw-Hill Book Company. Inc. USA.

SPORNE, K. R. 1976. The Morphology of Pteridophytes. B.I. Publications. New Delhi.

SPORNE, K.R. 1967. The morphology of gymnosperms. Hutchinson& Co. London.

PANDEY, B.P. 1998. College Botany Vol II S. Chand and Company Ltd. New Delhi.

VASHISHTA, P.C. 1999. Pteridophytes. S. Chand and Company Ltd.New Delhi.

VASHISHTA, P.C. 1999. Gymnosperms. S. Chand and Company Ltd. New Delhi.

Paper 4a - BRYOLOGY, PTERIDOLOGY AND GYMNOSPERMOLOGY

B. Sc. va (Candidates admitted from the academic year 2021-2022)

Course Code 211BO2M02 Total Hours 45 Credits 2

CORE PRACTICAL

CO No.	Course Outcome	PSO Addressed	CL
	Upon the completion of this course, students will be able to		
CO - 1	Appreciate and understand the morphological and reproductive	PSO-1	U
	structures of Bryophytes.		
CO - 2	Describe and illustrate the morphological and reproductive structures	PSO-1	Ар
	of Pteridophytes.		
CO - 3	Observe the anatomical features with special reference to variations	PSO-1	U
	in the stele.		
CO - 4	Compare the morphological and reproductive structures of	PSO-1	An
	Gymnosperms.		
CO - 5	Observe and illustrate anatomical characters with special emphasis on	PSO-1	Ар
	wood anatomy.		

BRYOLOGY HOURS 14

Comparative study of morphology and anatomy of *Riccia, Marchantia, Anthoceros* and *Polytrichum*.

PTERIDOLOGY HOURS 12

Comparative study of morphology and anatomy of *Psilotum, Lycopodium, Equisetum* and *Marsilea*.

GYMNOSPERMOLOGY HOURS 19

Morphological and anatomical studies of Cycas, Pinus and Gnetum.

Comparative study of wood anatomy of Cycas, Pinus and Gnetum.

Study of fossil forms: Williamsonia and Calamites.

Study of economically important Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms and their products